

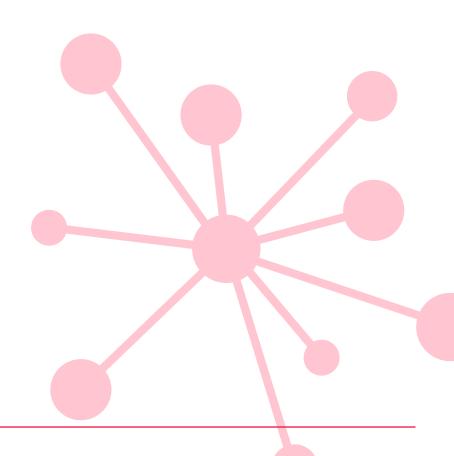


Individual student report for teachers Irish Edition

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Individual student report for teachers

School: Sample ROI school

Date of test: 27/03/2019

Level: G

No. of students: 30

What is CAT4?

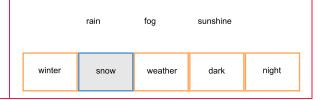
The Cognitive Abilities Test (CAT) is a suite of tests that assesses a student's reasoning (thinking) abilities in key areas that support educational development and academic attainment. CAT4 is the fourth edition of the test and comprises the following sections or batteries which assess different aspects of ability:

Verbal Reasoning Battery - thinking with words

Verbal Classification

Three words are presented which are similar in some way or ways. From a selection of five possible answers, the student must identify a fourth word with similar properties.

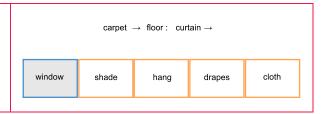
The answer is snow because rain, fog and sunshine are all types of weather and snow is also a type of weather.



Verbal Analogies

A pair of connected words is presented alongside a single word. From a selection of five possible answers, the student must select a word to complete the second pair in the same way.

The answer is window, because a carpet goes on a floor and a curtain hangs at a window.

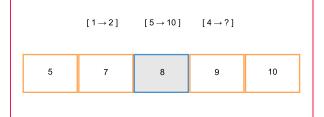


Quantitative (or Numerical) Reasoning Battery – thinking with numbers

Number Analogies

Two pairs of related numbers are presented. From a selection of five possible answers, the student must select a number to complete a third pair.

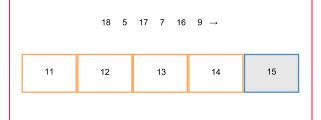
The answer is 8. Here 1 add 1 makes 2, but that doesn't work for the second pair because 5 add 1 is 6, not 10. Instead, you have to multiply by 2 to get the second part of each pair, so 4 times 2 is 8.



Number Series

A sequence of numbers created by a transformation rule is presented. From a selection of five possible answers, the student must identify the rule and continue the sequence.

The answer is 15. There are two number patterns in this series. The first, third and fifth numbers go down by 1 at a time - 18, 17 then 16. The numbers in between them go up by two at a time - 5, 7 then 9. This means the next number must be 16 minus 1, giving 15.





Non-verbal Reasoning Battery - thinking with shapes

Figure Classification

Three designs are presented which are similar in some way or ways. From a selection of five possible answers, the student must identify a fourth design with similar properties.

The answer is E because it is the only answer choice that is a striped semi-circle, like the first three figures.

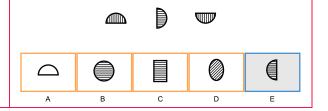
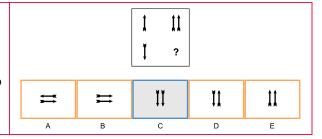


Figure Matrices

Designs are presented in a grid with one empty square and, from a selection of five possible answers, the student must identify the missing design.

The answer is C because in the top pair 'one arrow up' goes to 'two arrows up', so in the second pair 'one arrow down' must go to 'two arrows down'.



Spatial Ability Battery - thinking with shape and space

Figure Analysis

A series of diagrams shows a square being folded repeatedly, and then punched through with holes. From a selection of five possible answers, the student must identify how the paper will appear when unfolded.

The answer is D. The hole is punched through both layers of paper, so as it is unfolded the holes will be a mirror image of each other, with the crease being the mirror line.

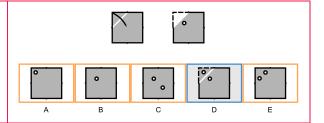
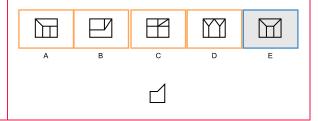


Figure Recognition

Several complex designs are presented along with a single target shape. From a selection of five possible answers, the student must identify the target shape within one of the complex designs.

The answer is E. It isn't A because that shows the target flipped over. It isn't B or C because they have shapes that are the wrong size.





Why use CAT4?

CAT4 is a comprehensive and objective test of a student's developed abilities – those that, in part, determine attainment and can be built upon and developed to improve outcomes. For example, verbal reasoning can be developed by supporting a student's reading, comprehension and vocabulary.

CAT4 has many uses, but the main focus of each individual report is to inform teachers, students and their parents and carers about an individual's underlying ability and how this can be recognised and built upon to ensure that a student achieves his or her potential.

CAT4 provides a benchmark and may be used very effectively as part of a review of a student's performance alongside other information including teacher assessment and school management data on aspects such as attendance, additional needs, EAL status, etc.

CAT4 provides indicators of attainment for Leaving Certificate grades which provide a starting point for target setting. Targets that challenge students can be set based on CAT4 results and other data, which should be considered alongside the profile of a student's ability from CAT4. Consideration of both ability (CAT4) and attainment and other factors (such as attendance) all play an important part in target setting and progress monitoring.

Relationship between CAT4 scores

Very Low	Below Average			Average					Above	Avera	age	Very High		
1		2	3	4	5			6	7	8	3	9		
70	•	80		90	•	100		11	0	120		130)	
1	5	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	95		99	
	1	70	1 2 70 80	1 2 3 70 80 + +	1 2 3 4 70 80 90	1 2 3 4 70 80 90	1 2 3 4 5 70 80 90 100	1 2 3 4 5 70 80 90 100	1 2 3 4 5 6 70 80 90 100 11	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 70 80 90 100 110 + + + + +	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 70 80 90 100 110 120 + + + + +	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 70 80 90 100 110 120 + + + + +	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 + + + + + + +	



Example results

In CAT4 battery is The **number of** The Standard Age Score (SAS) is the most important piece of information Performance on a test like *CAT4* can be influenced by derived from CAT4. The SAS is based on the student's raw score which has a number of factors and the **confidence band** is an the title given to questions attempted been adjusted for age and placed on a scale that makes a comparison with indication of the range within which a student's score each of the four pairs can be important: a of tests which assess student may have a nationally representative sample of students of the same age across lies. The narrower the band the more reliable the worked very slowly but Ireland. The average score is 100. The SAS is key to benchmarking and score. This means that 90% confidence bands are a different aspects of accurately and not tracking progress and is the fairest way to compare the performance of very high level estimate. The dot represents the ability. finished the test and this different students within a year group or across year groups. student's SAS and the horizontal line represents the will impact on his or her confidence band. The yellow shaded area shows the results. average score range. The Verbal **Reasoning Battery** comprises two short tests: Verbal Classification and SAS (with 90% confidence bands) No. of questions GR SAS **NPR** ST **Battery** Verbal Analogies. attempted (/60)90 100 110 120 130 140 Verbal 48/48 95 37 4 =39 The Quantitative **Reasoning Battery** comprises two short 5 Quantitative 24/36 101 52 =24 tests: Numbers Analogies and 7 Non-verbal 48/48 115 84 =5 Number Series. 86 7 Spatial 36/36 116 8 The Non-verbal Mean 107 **Reasoning Battery** comprises two short tests: Figure Classification and Figure Matrices. The Stanine (ST) The National Percentile Rank (NPR) relates to the SAS places the student's The Group Rank (GR) shows The scores for The Spatial Ability and indicates the percentage of students obtaining any score on a scale of 1 how each student has performed each of the four Battery comprises particular score. NPR of 50 is average. NPR of 5 means (low) to 9 (high) and in comparison to those in the two short tests: batteries are that the student's score is within the lowest 5% of the offers a broad overview defined group. The symbol = Figure Analysis and averaged to give national sample: NPR of 95 means that the student's of his or her represents joint ranking with one Figure Recognition. the **mean** score. score is within the highest 5% of the national sample. performance. or more other students.

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Name: Moses Albright			
School: Sample ROI school			
Group: Transition Year			
Date of test: 27/03/2019	Level: G	Age: 16:01	Sex: Male

Scores

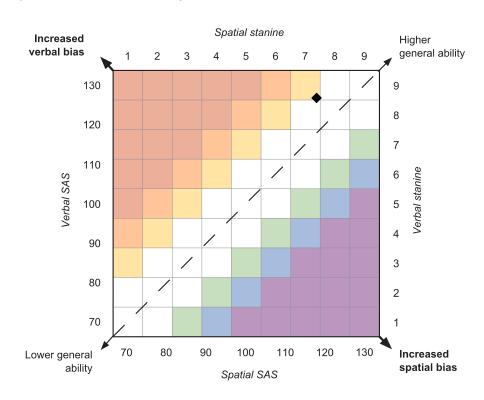
Battery	No. of questions attempted	SAS	NPR	ST	GR (/30)	SAS (with 90% confidence bands)								
	attempted					60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140								
Verbal	48/48	127	96	9	1									
Quantitative	11/36	90	26	4	16									
Non-verbal	37/48	111	77	6	=3	<u> </u>								
Spatial	28/36	118	89	7	1	<u> </u>								
Mean	-	112	-	-	-	<u> </u>								

Profile summary

The analysis of *CAT4* scores allows all students to be assigned a profile; that is they are assigned to one of seven broad descriptions of their preferences for learning. The Verbal Reasoning and Spatial Ability Batteries form the basis of this analysis and the profiles are expressed as a mild, moderate or extreme bias for verbal or spatial learning or, where no bias is discernable (that is, when scores on both batteries are similar), as an even profile.

The black diamond shows Moses' profile, which is indicated by the coloured band.







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Mild verbal bias

- This profile demonstrates a mild preference for verbal over spatial learning.
- However, as both verbal and spatial abilities are strong, Moses should perform at a high level when learning through writing, discussion, paired work and creative tasks, as well as working with pictures, diagrams, 3D objects, mind maps and other tangible methods of learning.
- Moses may show a preference for engaging with written material over active learning methods such as
 modelling, demonstrating and simulations, but his mild bias means he is likely to respond equally to a
 variety of teaching and learning methods.
- Moses' abilities suggest that he should be supported in independent learning.
- Moses' attainment in language-based subjects should be at the highest level and his performance in science, technology, design and geography which will draw on his spatial ability should also be strong.

Implications for teaching and learning

- Expectations need to be appropriately high with enrichment activities to provide challenge and extension.
- While teachers should continue to use a broad and varied range of styles, it is likely that Moses will be a self-motivated and independent learner.
- Teachers should encourage Moses to follow his own interests. He will benefit from a fast pace of instruction, tend to learn very quickly and will respond well to tasks that develop independent study skills.
- Extension activities that require Moses to form hypotheses, make predictions and test outcomes may be particularly helpful.
- Q&A sessions should be used to develop higher order verbal thinking skills by requiring Moses to justify opinions.
- Moses may benefit from opportunities to teach/coach others.
- Moses should be encouraged to read extensively and choose from a wide range of material.
- Moses may enjoy creative writing and discussion and debate and should be encouraged to develop such interests both in lessons and through extra-curricular activities.



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Leaving Certificate indicators

Results from *CAT4* can give an indication of the Leaving Certificate grades a student will reach. A second grade is suggested – this is the grade a student could reach with additional effort and challenge. This information is helpful when you discuss with your students the targets they should be working towards.

Mean SAS: 112 Verbal SAS: 127 Quantitative SAS: 90 Non-verbal SAS: 111 Spatial SAS: 118

		Probability of obtaining each grade									'If challenged'											
	O5 or lower	04	О3	H6/O2	H5/O1	H4	Н3	H2	H1	grade achieved	grade achieved	10%	20%	30%	40%	50%	60%	70%	80%	90%		
Biology	0%	0%	1%	2%	4%	9%	18%	46%	20%	H2	H1											
Business	0%	0%	1%	2%	4%	10%	29%	35%	20%	H2	H1											
English	0%	0%	0%	1%	3%	9%	27%	38%	22%	H2	H1											
Geography	0%	0%	0%	1%	2%	6%	18%	46%	27%	H2	H1											
History	1%	0%	1%	3%	4%	11%	27%	37%	16%	H2	H1											
Home Economics	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	5%	11%	47%	34%	H2	H1											
Art	0%	1%	1%	1%	4%	25%	43%	23%	2%	НЗ	H2											
Chemistry	4%	3%	5%	11%	9%	14%	16%	30%	9%	НЗ	H2											
Construction Studies	2%	1%	2%	2%	7%	19%	37%	28%	2%	НЗ	H2											
French	2%	2%	2%	3%	7%	14%	29%	30%	12%	НЗ	H2											
Irish	4%	5%	6%	5%	9%	16%	21%	29%	5%	НЗ	H2											
Physics	3%	5%	7%	16%	12%	16%	14%	20%	7%	H4	НЗ											
Maths	6%	7%	14%	20%	16%	15%	13%	8%	2%	H5/O1	H4											

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